

# Tree Algorithms in Data Mining: Comparison of rpart and RWeka . . . and Beyond

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The two most popular classification tree algorithms in machine learning and statistics—C4.5 and CART—are compared in a benchmark experiment together with two other more recent constant-fit tree learners from the statistics literature (QUEST, conditional inference trees). The study assesses both misclassification error and model complexity on bootstrap replications of 18 different benchmark datasets (see Schauerhuber *et al.*, 2008, for details), employing the benchmarking framework of Hothorn *et al.* (2005). The study is carried out in the R system for statistical computing, made possible by means of the **RWeka** package (Hornik *et al.*, 2009) which interfaces R to the open-source machine learning toolbox **Weka**. Both algorithms are found to be competitive in terms of misclassification error—with the performance difference clearly varying across data sets. However, C4.5 tends to grow larger and thus more complex trees.

As Bradley-Terry models are used to aggregate the *paired comparisons of the tree algorithms* across the 18 different data sets, an outlook is provided for a *tree algorithm for paired comparison data* as recently introduced by Strobl *et al.* (2009).

## References

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