The *giRaph* package for graph representation in R

Luca La Rocca, Jens Henrik Badsberg and Claus Dethlefsen

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Abstract

The *giRaph* package provides formal classes and methods to represent and manipulate graphs in the R language and environment for statistical computing and graphics. It is intended as a contribution to the *gR* project described by Lauritzen (2002). We consider a broad notion of graph, including graphs with loops, multiple edges and hyper-edges (i.e. edges involving more than two vertices) both directed and undirected. In particular, *hyper-graphs* and *simple graphs* (as defined by Lauritzen, 1996) fall within the scope of our definition. Since there is no unique way to represent a graph which is optimal for all computations, we consider four different representations: incidence list, incidence matrix, adjacency list and adjacency matrix; see for example Ahuja et al. (1993). We provide classes for these representations, suitable to store graphs of different families, and classes for such families, handling alternative representations transparently with respect to the user. For each class we furnish a robust `initialize` method, that takes care of producing valid output from varied input, a nice `show` method, adopting typical graph notation, and methods to set and retrieve information. In addition, we implement conversions between graph representations, and between graphs of different families, by means of `coerce` methods. We also provide classes for directed and undirected edges, as well as for vertex sets, so that simple graph operations such as adding/removing an edge, or extracting an induced subgraph, can be performed via overloaded +, - and * operators. Finally, we provide an interface to other graph packages such as the interactive graphical tool `dynamicGraph` by Badsberg (2005) which is also part of the *gR* project.

Badsberg, J.H. (2005) “dynamicGraph”, R package, version 0.2.0.1, available on CRAN.