# Term Structure and Credit Spread Estimation

Management Science Lab in Finance, 2005

M. Ablasser, J. Hayden, D. Kopp, C. Leitner, M. Schweitzer, R. Wittchen, A. Wurzer



June 15, 2006

## Basic principles of bond pricing

- coupon bond which matures in *n* years
- investor gets at the times i = 1, ..., n coupon payments C and a redemption payment *R* at t = n
- clean price  $p_c$  is quoted on the market
- seller also receives accrued interest for holding the bond over the period since the last coupon payment

 $\frac{\text{number of days since last coupon}}{\text{number of days in current coupon period}} C$ a = -

- investor has to pay the **dirty price**  $p_d$
- bond pricing equation with continuous compounding

$$p_c + a = C \sum_{i=1}^n e^{-s_i m_i} + R e^{-s_n m_n}$$

**Robert Ferstl** 



1/9



2/9

#### Term Structure and Credit Spread Estimation Basic principles of bond pricing

yield to maturity

$$p_c + a = C \sum_{i=1}^n e^{-ym_i} + Re^{-ym_i}$$

**Bobert Ferstl** 

- equivalent formulation of the bond price equation uses the discount factors  $d_i = \delta(m_i) = e^{-s_i m_i}$
- continuous **discount function**  $\delta(\cdot)$  is formed by interpolation of the discount factors

$$p_c + a = C \sum_{i=1}^n \delta(m_i) + \delta(m_n) K$$

• implied *j*-period forward rate

$$f_{t|j} = \frac{js_j - ts_t}{j - t}$$

• duration is a weighted average of time to cash flows

$$D = \frac{1}{p_c + a} \left[ C \sum_{i=1}^n \delta(m_i) m_i + \delta(m_n) R m_n \right]$$



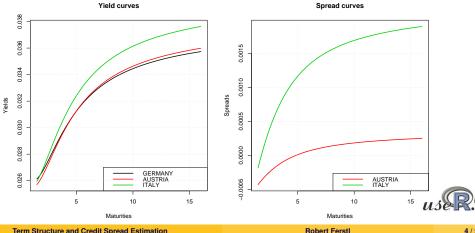
3/9

#### Term Structure and Credit Spread Estimation Term structure estimation

- estimate zero-coupon yield curves and credit spread curves from market data
- usual way for calculation of credit spread curves

$$c_i(t) = s_i(t) - s_{ref}(t)$$

• parsimonious approach widely used by central banks

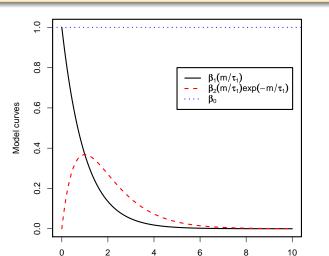


**Robert Ferstl** 

### Nelson and Siegel (1987) approach

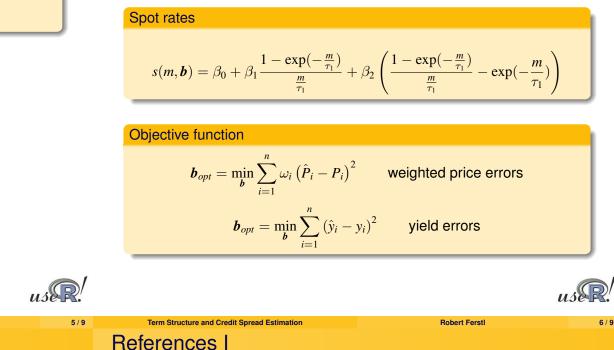
#### Instantaneous forward rates

$$f(m, \boldsymbol{b}) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \exp(-\frac{m}{\tau_1}) + \beta_2 \frac{m}{\tau_1} \exp(-\frac{m}{\tau_1})$$



Time to maturity

## Nelson and Siegel (1987) approach



• Svensson (1994) extended the functional form by two additional parameters which allows for a second hump-shape

Instantaneous forward rates

Term Structure and Credit Spread Estimation

Extensions

$$f(m, b) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \exp(-\frac{m}{\tau_1}) + \beta_2 \frac{m}{\tau_1} \exp(-\frac{m}{\tau_1}) + \beta_3 \frac{m}{\tau_2} \exp(-\frac{m}{\tau_2})$$

- simple calculation method of credit spread curves could lead to twisting curves
- Jankowitsch and Pichler (2004) proposed a joint estimation method, which leads to smoother and more realistic credit spread curves

- Bank for International Settlements Zero-coupon yield curves: technical documentation BIS Papers, No. 25, October 2005
- David Bolder, David Streliski Yield Curve Modelling at the Bank of Canada Bank of Canada, Technical Report, No. 84, 1999
- Alois Geyer, Richard Mader Estimation of the Term Structure of Interest Rates - A Parametric Approach OeNB, Working Paper, No. 37, 1999



7/9



Robert Ferstl

**Bobert Ferstl** 



### **References II**

- Rainer Jankowitsch, Stefan Pichler Parsimonious Estimation of Credit Spreads The Journal of Fixed Income, 14(3):49–63, 2004
- Charles R. Nelson, Andrew F. Siegel Parsimonious Modeling of Yield Curves *The Journal of Business*, 60(4):473–489, 1987
- Lars E.O. Svensson Estimating and Interpreting Forward Interest Rates: Sweden 1992 -1994 National Bureau of Economic Research, Technical Report, No. 4871, 1994



9/9

Term Structure and Credit Spread Estimation

Robert Ferstl